Historic Famines

The following is a table of 'Great Famines', defined as those with an estimated death toll of 100,000 or more, between 1870 and 2022, along with a small number of well-known famines with a lower death toll. The list is regularly updated as new research is included.

Note: Mortality estimates marked * are minimum numbers or ongoing crises. Mortality figures in brackets do not meet the threshold of 100,000 deaths. There are many additional famines of a scale lower than this threshold not included in the list.

Table of Historic Famines, 1870-2022

Date	Location	Estimated excess	Causes				
		deaths					
"Late Victoria	"Late Victorian Holocausts" and other famines in colonial India 1870-1914						
1873-74	India (Bihar)	100,000+					
1876-78	India (Madras, southern		Drought-triggered crises, background of colonial dispossession/exploitation				
	India, Bombay)	6,100,000	and absence of relief				
1888-89	India (north Bihar)	250,000					
	India (Madras, Bombay						
1896-97	Deccan, Bengal, Central	5,500,000	El-Nińo droughts, background of colonial dispossession/exploitation,				
	provinces)		inadequacies of newly-introduced 'famine codes'				
1899-1901	India (Bombay, Central						
	Provinces)	1,000,00					
1906-07	India (Central Provinces)	250,000	Drought, background of colonialism, 'famine codes' more effective				
Famines in C	hina 1870-1912						
1876-79	China (Shanzi, Henah,						
	Shandong, Zhili)	9,000,000	Drought, weakness of government, legacy of war and colonial disruption				
1897-1901	China (north)	1,000,000	El-Nińo drought, weakness of government				
Famines, mass starvation and catastrophes in the "Scramble for Africa" and its aftermath							
1885-1908	Congo Free State	4,700,000	Belgian policy of forced labor, forced displacement				
1888-92	Sudan (Sanat Sita)	1,500,000	War, pillage & requisitioning, forced displacement by Mahdist state in context				
1888-92	Ethiopia (<i>Qifu Ken</i>)	1,500,000	Epizootic rinderpest, war, pillage and requisitions,				
1896-1900	East Africa	100,000+	Drought and rinderpest In the context of British and German colonial conquest				
1899-1902	South Africa (Boer War)	(75,000)	British scorched earth and concentration camps				
1904	German South West Africa	(80,000)	Genocide of the Herero and Nama				
1905-07	Tanganyika (Mau Mau)	300,000	German policy of scorched earth, forced displacement, possible genocide				
1910-13	Somali peninsula	100,000+	British 'pacification' and lawlessness of colonial conquest, pillage				

Date	Location	Estimated excess deaths	Causes				
1913-14	West African Sahel	800,000	Drought, incapacity of colonial state to provide relief				
1913-14	Sudan	100,000+	Drought, incapacity of colonial state to provide relief				
Other famin	es 1870-1915						
1870-12	Persia (Iran)	500,000	Triggered by drought, in the context of colonial disruption				
1876-19	Brazil (northeast)	500,000	Drought, neo-colonial exploitation				
Mass starvation of the Armenians and other minorities in the Ottoman Empire							
1894-16	Armenians	100,000+	'Hamidian' attacks on Armenians; forced displacement				
1912-23	Greeks and Assyrians	200,000	Forced relocation by Ottoman government, wartime controls				
1915-16	Armenians	400,000	Genocide, forced starvation, forced marches				
1919	Armenia	200,000	Legacy of war, forced displacement, state weakness				
Famines ass	ociated with American empi	ire					
1895-98	Cuba (US-Spanish war)	155,000	Counterinsurgency, scorched earth, concentration camps				
1899-1902	Philippines	775,000	Counterinsurgency, scorched earth				
Mass starvat	tion associated with World V	Var One					
1914-16	German East Africa	300,000	War, pillage, scorched earth				
1914-18	Serbia and the Balkans	1,000,000	War, forced displacement, internment				
1915-18	Austria-Hungary (Galicia)	465,000	War, requisitions, (Russian occupation)				
1915-18	Greater Syria	500,000	War, blockade				
1917-19	Germany	763,000	Blockade				
1917-19	Persia	455,200	War, requisitions, occupation, economic crisis				
Russian and	Soviet famines 1890-1933						
1891-12	Russia	275,000	Drought, economic crisis, epidemics				
1918-20	USSR (northern Russia)	4,000,000	Economic crisis, failure of markets, war				
1921-22	USSR (southern Russia &						
	Ukraine)	5,200,000	Civil war, procurement, drought, epidemics				
	USSR (Southern Russia)	1,500,000	Government policy: food requisitions and collectivization				
1931-33	USSR (Ukraine, Holodomor)	3,000,000	Initially: food requisitions and collectivization; later: targeted starvation, genocide (disputed)				
	USSR (Kazakhstan)	1,500,000	Government policy: food requisitions and collectivization, possibly genocide				
Famines in (China in the warlord era		act of mentions possession and concentration, possibly genocide				
1920-21	China (Henan, Shanxi,						
	Shandong and Zhili)	500,000	Drought, conflict, weakness of government				
1928-30	China (Gansu, Shanxi,	200,000	Drought, locusts, conflict, displacement and collapse in government				
1,20 30	Henan, Shandong and Zhili)	10,000,000	capacity due to war				
1929-30	China (Hunan)	2,000,000	Drought, conflict, collapse in government capacity				
1747-30	Cillia (Hullali)	2,000,000	Drought, connect conapse in government capacity				

Date	Location	Estimated excess	Causes				
		deaths					
Famines and mass starvation in Asia associated with World War Two							
1934-37	China (Sichuan)	5,000,000	Drought, war, displacement and requisitions				
1937-45	China (Henan, Hebei,		Chinese nationalists' destruction of dams, floods, Japanese requisitions, mass				
	Shandong)	5,000,000	displacement				
1941-45	Starvation of Japanese		Failure of rationing, destruction of infrastructure, exhaustion of local food				
	soldiers	1,400,000	supplies				
1942-45	Indonesia (Java)	2,400,000	Japanese occupation, requisitioning				
1942-44	India (Bengal)	3,000,000	British war policy of requisitioning, economic extraction, typhoon flooding, relief failure				
1944-45	Vietnam	1,000,000	Typhoon flooding, Japanese requisitioning, French economic policy				
Germany's	Hungerplan (all in the contex	kt of genocidal plan)					
1940-45	Poland	900,000	Forced starvation: concentration camps, forced labor, requisitions				
1941-44	Soviet PoWs	3,300,000	Forced starvation in POW camps, slave labor				
	Siege of Leningrad	1,000,000	Siege				
	Ukraine, western Russia & Belarus	9,000,000	Forced requisition, forced displacement, scorched earth, slave labor				
Other fami	nes and starvation in Europe	during and after Wo	orld War Two				
1939-42	Spain	200,000	Francoist autarky, Allied blockade, legacy of the civil war				
1941-47	USSR (under Soviet						
	control)	1,100,000	Forced labor, extreme food rationing, mass relocation				
1941-44	Greece	300,000	German requisitions, destruction, Allied blockade				
1944-45	Dutch 'Hunger Winter'	(23,000)	German flooding, food crisis, Allied blockade				
1945-47	Eastern Europe (displaced & stateless persons)	250,000	Forced displacement, lack of relief				
1946-47	USSR (Moldova, Ukraine, Russia, Belarus)	1,100,000	Requisitioning, drought, impact of war				
Post-War C	ommunist Famines in Asia						
1958-62	China (nationwide)	36,000,000	Government policy: collectivization and requisitions; response/relief failure				
1975	China (Henan)	230,000	Floods, failure of relief				
1975-79	Cambodia	1,210,000	Khmer Rouge policies: collectivization, enforced starvation, extermination				
1995-97	North Korea	330,000	Floods, drought, failed economic policies				
	os Famines in Asia	_					
1974	Bangladesh	1,500,000	Floods, legacy of civil war, US cut off in food aid				
1975-79	East Timor	103,000	Indonesian counterinsurgency				

Date	Location	Estimated excess	Causes				
		deaths					
	Post-colonial Famines in Africa						
1958	Ethiopia (Tigray)	100,000	Drought, relief failure, chronic vulnerability to famine				
1969-70	Nigeria (Biafra)	1,750,000	Blockade, war, mass displacement				
1969-74	Sahel (Mauritania, Mali,						
	Niger)	101,000	Drought, economic marginalization				
1973-74	Ethiopia (Wollo, Ogaden)	200,000	Drought, feudalism, chronic vulnerability to famine, relief failure				
1980	Uganda (Karamoja)	(35,000)	State failure, pillage of livestock				
1981-85	Mozambique	300,000	Counterinsurgency, rebel pillage, drought				
	Ethiopia (Tigray, Wollo,		Drought, counterinsurgency (north), economic policies (southern and eastern				
1983-85	southern & eastern areas)	800,000	areas), forced resettlement				
1984-85	Sudan (Darfur, Kordofan,	240,000	Drought, failed economic policies				
	Red Sea)						
2002	Malawi	(3,000)	Drought, relief failure				
2005	Niger	(40,000)	Drought, relief failure				
Humanitari		tastrophes and war-	famines in Africa and the Middle East				
1988	Sudan (south and IDPs)	250,000	War: scorched earth, pillage, forced displacement, siege, relief failure				
1991-93	Somalia	240,000	War: scorched earth, forced displacement, pillage				
1992-94	Sudan (Nuba Mountains,		War: scorched earth, forced displacement, pillage, siege, relief failure, genocide				
	Upper Nile)	225,000	(against Nuba)				
1998-89	Sudan (Bahr al Ghazal)	100,000	War: scorched earth, forced displacement, pillage				
1998-2007	Democratic Republic of						
	Congo (eastern)	290,000	War, forced displacement, state collapse, pillage				
2003-05	Sudan (Darfur)	200,000	Counterinsurgency forced displacement, genocide (disputed)				
2003-06	Uganda (Acholi areas)	100,000	Counterinsurgency, pillage				
2011-12	Somalia (south-central)	258,000	Drought, war, economic crisis, relief failure				
2012-23*	Syria	100,000*	War, siege, destruction of essential infrastructure				
2014-18*	South Sudan	193,000+	War: scorched earth, forced displacement, pillage				
2016-19*	Nigeria (Boko Haram war)	340,000	Counterinsurgency, siege, requisitioning				
2016-21*	Yemen	223,000	Blockade, war, mass displacement, economic crisis				
2020-23*	Central African Republic	100,000*	War, state failure				
2021-23	Ethiopia (Tigray)	336,000	Forced starvation, siege, destruction of essential infrastructure				
2023-24*	Sudan		War, pillage, destruction of infrastructure, mass displacement, relief failure				